



SUICIDE PREVENTION ACTION NETWORK USA

Suicide Warning Signs

The demographics of suicide victims are diverse. Below are common warning signs to look out for:

A person may be suicidal if he or she:

- Talks about committing suicide
- Has trouble eating or sleeping
- Experiences drastic changes in behavior
- Withdraws from friends and/or social activities
- Loses interest in hobbies, work, school, etc.
- Makes out a will and final arrangements
- Gives away prized possessions
- Has attempted suicide in the past
- Takes unnecessary risks
- Has had recent severe losses
- Is preoccupied with death and dying
- Loses interest in their personal appearances
- Increases the use of alcohol or drugs

What you can do:

- Be direct. Talk openly and matter-of-factly about suicide.
- Be willing to listen. Allow expressions of feelings. Accept the feelings.
- Be non-judgmental. Don't debate whether suicide is right or wrong, or feelings are good or bad. Don't lecture on the value of life.
- Get involved. Become available. Show interest and support.
- Don't dare him or her to do it.
- Don't act shocked. This will put distance between you.
- Don't be sworn to secrecy. Seek support.
- Offer hope that alternatives are available, but do not offer glib reassurance.
- Take action. Remove means, such as guns or stockpiled pills.
- Get help from persons or agencies specializing in crisis intervention and suicide prevention.

Resources:

If you or someone you know is in crisis, call 911 or 1-800-273-TALK.
For more information on suicide prevention visit www.spanusa.org.

Information for this fact sheet was compiled from the American Association of Suicidology.